Summary

Angyal, Miklós: Why criminalistics is a science? Rethinked principles of criminalistics (4-28)

The study examines the theoretical foundations of development and research directions in the past decades in the field of criminalistics as an independent discipline. It aims to present the philosophical and scientific background of criminalistics, and the implications of cognitive sciences in criminalistics. In addition, it tries to outline the boundary between criminalistics and forensic sciences by taking the domestic context into account.

Bischoff, Georgina – Tánczi, Tibor: The possibility of creating innovative databases and their added value in illegal migration related investigations (29-68)

Our study's goal is to highlight innovative technical and information technology solutions, which need to be incorporated in the modern crime investigators' daily work. It is necessary for the members of the law enforcement to learn the basic technical skills and exploit this potential of knowledge to be able to improve the efficiency and the success rate of the investigation.

Lőwi, Ildikó: The attitudes of V4 countries towards modern immigration – International outlook (69-108)

Phenomena experienced in connection with migration contribute to the evolution of negative feelings, which can lead to unforeseen consequences. Such attitudes are hostility against outlanders, or its more serious form, xenophobia. The author of the article analyses the main causes leading to xenophobia and how the opinion of the public is shaped by the latest information in the Visegrad countries.

Balla, József: Admission and validity of travel documents (109-122)

The components of border check have a significant impact on the safety of a country or a region. There is a clear correlation between the shift in the forgery methods of official documents and the security and defence elements of the documents used as the object of forgery. The documents, which contain such security elements that are adjusted to the technological state of development of the era, are less likely to become forgers' "targets" compared to those which have low level protection system.

Christián, László: Relevant actors in the field of safer rural areas (123-143)

This paper describes the function of the relevant actors of in the field of rural areas and summarise some results of a complex relating survey. One of these organisations is the very special body which we introduce, the field guard service.

Deák, József: Twenty volumes for the development of the science of law enforcement (144-157)

Since 2001, each June an international academic conference is held in Pécs to have high quality, professionally adaptable discussions on the essential questions regarding the everyday operation of law enforcement bodies. The twentieth volume of this series of conferences was issued in November 2018 entitled "Challenges in Security in the 21st Century". Because of the anniversary volume, we reviewed the previous five ones.